NEWLANDS SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

School Directory

Ministry Number: 2925

Principal: Shirley Porteus

School Address: 200 Newlands Road, Newlands, Wellington

School Postal Address: PO Box 26 068, Newlands, WELLINGTON, 6442

School Phone: 04 461 6900

School Email: admin@newlandsprimary.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

		How Position		Term Expires/
Name	Position	Gained	Occupation	Expired
Nicola Hankinson	Chairperson	Elected	Accountant	2022
Robyn Arthur	Principal	ex Officio		Jan 2020
Karl McDiarmid	Parent Rep	Elected	Project Manager (Govt Dept)	2022
Mamari Stephens	Parent Rep	Elected	Legal Academic & Associate Chaplain	2022
Claire Mortimer	Parent Rep	Elected	Manager (Govt Dept)	2022
Henriette Joubert	Parent Rep	Elected	Lawyer	2022
Kylie O'Dea	Staff Rep	Elected	Teacher	2022

Accountant / Service Provider: Education Services Ltd

NEWLANDS SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2019

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Newlands School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2019 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Nicola Hankinson	Shirley Portous Full Name of Principal
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
MHanbool	Son
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
27/5/20	2715/20
Date:	Date:

Newlands School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue	_			
Government Grants	2	2,274,491	2,269,805	2,319,260
Locally Raised Funds	3	101,291	79,100	113,046
Interest income		17,163	10,000	15,500
	9	2,392,945	2,358,905	2,447,806
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	66,531	38,500	53,363
Learning Resources	4	1,557,249	1,562,885	1,532,658
Administration	5	149,442	167,886	181,315
Finance		1,558	1,600	1,614
Property	6	561,754	541,598	571,832
Depreciation	7	78,837	73,700	79,897
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,204	-	415
	;	2,416,575	2,386,169	2,421,094
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(23,630)	(27,264)	26,712
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		(23,630)	(27,264)	26,712

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Notes	Actual 2019 \$	Budget (Unaudited) 2019 \$	Actual 2018 \$
Balance at 1 January		1,106,679	1,069,991	1,068,698
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(23,630)	(27,264)	26,712
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	11,269
Equity at 31 December	23	1,083,049	1,042,727	1,106,679
Retained Earnings		1,083,049	1,042,727	1,106,679
Equity at 31 December	e y	1,083,049	1,042,727	1,106,679

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Current Assets		\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	113,225	45,629	100 605
Accounts Receivable	9	94,323	77,231	100,605 95,279
GST Receivable	J	10,755	9,190	8,065
Prepayments		17,288	15,227	13,634
Inventories	10	22,040	19,551	26,234
Investments	11	475,710	291,967	359,938
	-	733,341	458,795	603,755
Current Liabilities				·
Accounts Payable	13	146,713	95,729	104,377
Revenue Received in Advance	14	1,840	2,373	2,855
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	66,250	4,325	2,033
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	16	8,310	451	7,085
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	17	46,484	-	-
	_			
		269,597	102,878	114,317
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		463,744	355,917	489,438
Non-current Assets				
Investments (more than 12 months)	11	_	-	50,473
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	661,089	690,541	647,997
	::-	661,089	690,541	698,470
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	26,000	3,731	78,750
Finance Lease Liability	16	15,784	-	2,479
	(-	41,784	3,731	81,229
Net Assets	=	1,083,049	1,042,727	1,106,679
Equity	:= :=	1,083,049	1,042,727	1,106,679

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities		•	*	*
Government Grants		494,137	477.051	505,384
Locally Raised Funds		100,276	40,600	113,528
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(2,690)	-	1,125
Payments to Employees		(180,092)	(173,606)	(171,768)
Payments to Suppliers		(323,135)	(324,948)	(362,746)
Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year		-	(82,000)	-
Interest Paid		(1,558)	(1,600)	(1,614)
Interest Received		16,887	10,000	15,170
Net cash from Operating Activities	,	103,825	(54,503)	99,079
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles)		2,396	-	-
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(71,948)	(70,000)	(64,961)
Purchase of Investments		(65,299)	-	(118,444)
Net cash from Investing Activities		(134,851)	(70,000)	(183,405)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	11,269
Finance Lease Payments		(2,838)	(7,410)	(3,880)
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		46,484	-	-
Net cash from Financing Activities		43,646	(7,410)	7,389
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		12,620	(131,913)	(76,937)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	100,605	177,542	177,542
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	113,225	45,629	100,605

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Newlands School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Newlands School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

Standard early adopted

In line with the Financial Statements of the Government, the School has elected to early adopt PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. PBE IFRS 9 replaces PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Information about the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 is provided in Note 27.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at Note 12.

Cyclical Maintenance Provision

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at Note 15.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses. The School applies the simplified expected credit loss model of recognising lifetime expected credit losses for receivables. In measuring expected credit losses, short-term receivables have been assessed on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics. They have been grouped based on the days past due. Short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the debtor being in liquidation.

Prior Year Policy

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

Prior Year Policy

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$500 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements 40 years
Furniture and Equipment 10 years
Information and Communication 5 years
Library Resources 8 years
Leased assets are depreciated over the life of the lease.

I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit,

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- · the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of school control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

t) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Grants determined by the Minister of Education for operational activities includes all items (core components) included in the Operational Funding notice.

Borrowings include but not limited to bank overdrafts, operating leases, finance leases, painting contracts and term loans.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in-kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Operational Grants	453,901	447,251	448,724
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,386,327	1,413,901	1,434,542
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	400,507	375,045	388,504
Resource Teachers Learning and Behaviour Grants	503	-	1,122
Other MoE Grants	33,253	33,608	45,846
Other Government Grants	-	-	522
	2,274,491	2,269,805	2,319,260

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	15,384	14,000	17,379
Bequests & Grants	-	-	12,785
Activities	41,406	17,500	33,564
Trading	36,122	38,500	36,792
Fundraising	8,379	9,100	12,526
	101,291	79,100	113,046
Expenses			
Activities	27,950	-	19,615
Trading	35,002	38,500	28,380
Fundraising (Costs of Raising Funds)	3,579	-	5,368
	66,531	38,500	53,363
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	34,760	40,600	59,683

4. Learning Resources

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	28,783	51,478	37,197
Library Resources	863	1,000	477
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,496,122	1,468,507	1,463,849
Staff Development	15,303	21,000	14,691
Classroom Consumables	737	1,600	761
Information Technology	15,441	19,300	15,683
	1,557,249	1,562,885	1,532,658

5. Administration

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Audit Fee	5,676	5,676	6,111
Board of Trustees Fees	1,605	3,800	2,815
Board of Trustees Expenses	6,515	8,350	5,789
Communication	5,145	5,200	4,105
Consumables	14,244	16,300	16,346
Operating Lease	1,140	2,100	3,032
Other	26,291	19,400	30,355
Employee Benefits - Salaries	66,715	85,000	91,099
Insurance	8,551	8,500	8,463
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	13,560	13,560	13,200
	149,442	167,886	181,315

6. Property

2019	2019 Budget	2018
Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
\$	\$	\$
12,284	12,700	10,548
13,500	12,531	9,462
1,699	5,000	3,206
34,012	32,800	31,917
1,476	1,600	1,548
15,520	18,222	38,100
400,507	375,045	388,504
1,527	2,700	1,092
34,785	34,000	36,478
46,444	47,000	50,977
561,754	541,598	571,832
	Actual \$ 12,284 13,500 1,699 34,012 1,476 15,520 400,507 1,527 34,785 46,444	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 12,284 12,700 13,500 12,531 1,699 5,000 34,012 32,800 1,476 1,600 15,520 18,222 400,507 375,045 1,527 2,700 34,785 34,000 46,444 47,000

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Building Improvements	\$ 47.037	\$	\$
• .	17,937	15,115	16,386
Furniture and Equipment	19,044	17,188	18,633
Information and Communication Technology	32,071	31,429	34,072
Leased Assets	7,682	7,850	8,510
Library Resources	2,103	2,118	2,296
	78,837	73,700	79,897

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash on Hand	231	-	250
Bank Current Account	109,660	42,305	97,024
Bank Call Account	3,334	3,324	3,331
Cash equivalents for Cash Flow Statement	113,225	45,629	100,605

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$113,225 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$46,994 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds are required to be spent in 2020 on Crown owned school buildings under the School's Five Year Property Plan.

9, Accounts Receivable

o, Accounte Reservable	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Banked Staffing Underuse	-	_	5,860
Interest Receivable	1,996	1,390	1,720
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	92,327	75,841	87,699
	94,323	77,231	95,279
Receivables from Exchange Transactions Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	1,996 92,327	1,390 75,841	1,720 93,559
	94,323	77,231	95,279

10. Inventories

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Stationery	1,786	1,287	3,039
Uniforms	20,254	18,264	23,195
	22,040	19,551	26,234

11. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	475,710	291,967	359,938
Non-current Asset Long-term Bank Deposits	-	-	50,473
Total Investments	475,710	291,967	410,411

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2019	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Building Improvements	493,286	26,497	(1,066)	_	(17,937)	500.780
Furniture and Equipment	69,846	29,250	-	_	(19,044)	80,052
Information and Communication	67,996	19,969	(2,534)	_	(32,071)	53,359
Leased Assets	8,845	19,277	_	-	(7,682)	20,440
Library Resources	8,024	537	-	-	(2,103)	6,458
Balance at 31 December 2019	647,997	95,530	(3,600)		(78,837)	661,089

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2019	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	682,536	(181,756)	500,780
Furniture and Equipment	333,939	(253,887)	80,052
Information and Communication	202,734	(149,375)	53,359
Leased Assets	27,558	(7,118)	20,440
Library Resources	27,463	(21,005)	6,458
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,274,230	(613,141)	661,089

2018	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV)
Building Improvements	477,954	31,718	_	_	(16,386)	493,286
Furniture and Equipment	73,012	15,497	(30)	_	(18,633)	69,846
Information and Communication	88,245	14,208	(385)	-	(34,072)	67,996
Leased Assets	13,247	4,108	` _	-	(8,510)	8,845
Library Resources	6,783	3,537	-	-	(2,296)	8,024
Balance at 31 December 2018	659,241	69,068	(415)		(79,897)	647,997

2018	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	660,959	(167,673)	493,286
Furniture and Equipment	318,296	(248,450)	69,846
Information and Communication	210,996	(143,000)	67,996
Leased Assets	38,722	(29,877)	8,845
Library Resources	26,926	(18,902)	8,024
Balance at 31 December 2018	1,255,899	(607,902)	647,997

13. Accounts Payable

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating Creditors	4,922	11,717	4,070
Accruals	3,406	4,750	3,307
Banked Staffing Overuse	42,585	-	_
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	92,327	75,841	87,699
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	3,473	3,421	9,301
	146,713	95,729	104,377
Payables for Exchange Transactions	146,713	95,729	104,377
	146,713	95,729	104,377
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			

14. Revenue Received in Advance

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Income In Advance	1,619	2,373	2,855
SKIDS Hardship Grant	221	-	-
	1,840	2,373	2,855

15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

•	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	78,750	(4,475)	69,288
Increase to the Provision During the Year	13,500	12,531	9,462
Provision at the End of the Year	92.250	8,056	78,750
Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term	66,250	4,325	- 70.750
Oyonda Maintenande - 1 61111	26,000	3,731	78,750
	92,250	8,056	78,750

16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	8,898	451	7,085
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	18,036	-	2,479
	26,934	451	9,564

17. Funds Held /(Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

Refurbish Classrooms -Block T1 Concrete Replacement Refurb Classrooms, Admin Carpet, F	2019 completed in progress Rc in progress	Opening Balances \$ - -	Receipts from MoE \$ 81,816 22,000 46,994	Payments \$ 81,816 22,510	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$ - (510) 46,994
Totals		(-	150,810	104,326	<u> </u>	46,484
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry Funds Due from the Ministry of Educ					-	46,994 (510) 46,484
	2018	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$
Totals				-	•	

18. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

19. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

Do and Marchana	2019 Actual \$	2018 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	4.005	0.045
	1,605	2,815
Full-time equivalent members	0.08	0.08
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	421,287	465,777
Full-time equivalent members	4.00	5.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	422,892	468,592
Total full-time equivalent personnel	4.08	5.08

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	2019 Actual \$000	2018 Actual \$000
Salary and Other Payments	130 - 140	130 - 140
Benefits and Other Emoluments	3 - 4	3 - 4
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2019	2018
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	_	-
	0.00	0.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

20. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2019	2018
	Actual	Actual
Total	•	-
Number of People	-	-

21. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2019 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2018: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance. The Ministry has recognised an estimated provision based on the analysis of sample data, which may not be wholly representative of the total dataset for Teacher and Support Staff Entitlements. A more accurate estimate will be possible after further analysis of non-compliance has been completed, and this work is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2019, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

22. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2019 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2018; nil).

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2019 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2018; nil).

23. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

24. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Cinomolal access			/0040. L		1-1
Financial assets	measured at	amortised cost	(ZU18: LOS	ns and receiva	ibles)

rmancial assets measured at amortised cost (2016; Loans and receivables)	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	113,225	45,629	100,605
Receivables	94,323	77,231	95,279
Investments - Term Deposits	475,710	291,967	410,411
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	683,258	414,827	606,295
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	146,713	95,729	104,377
Finance Leases	24,094	451	9,564
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	170,807	96,180	113,941

25. Events After Balance Date

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the outbreak of COVID-19 (a novel Coronavirus) a pandemic. Two weeks later, on 26 March, New Zealand increased its' COVID-19 alert level to level 4 and a nationwide lockdown commenced. As part of this lockdown all schools were closed. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is a level of uncertainty around the duration of the closure.

At the date of issuing the financial statements, the school has been able to absorb the majority of the impact from the nationwide lockdown as it was decided to start the annual Easter School holidays early. In the periods the school is open for tuition, the school has switched to afternative methods of delivering the curriculum, so students can learn remotely.

At this time the full financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is not able to be determined, but it is not expected to be significant to the school. The school will continue to receive funding from the Ministry of Education, even while closed.

26. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

27. Adoption of PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In accordance with the transitional provisions of PBE IFRS 9, the school has elected not to restate the information for previous years to comply with PBE IFRS 9. Adjustments arising from the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 are recognised in opening equity at 1 January 2019. Accounting policies have been updated to comply with PBE IFRS 9. The main updates are:

- Note 9 Receivables: This policy has been updated to reflect that the impairment of short-term receivables is now determined by applying an expected credit loss model.
- Note 11 Investments:

Term deposits: This policy has been updated to explain that a loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised only if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

Upon transition to PBE IFRS9 there were no material adjustments to these financial statements